

```

#ifndef CONFIG_H_
#define CONFIG_H_

/*****
CONFIGURABLE PARAMETERS *****/

/* this file consists of several sections
 * to create a working combination you must at least make your choices in section 1.
 * 1 - BASIC SETUP - you must select an option in every block.
 *    this assumes you have 4 channels connected to your board with standard ESCs and servos.
 * 2 - COPTER TYPE SPECIFIC OPTIONS - you likely want to check for options for your copter type
 * 3 - RC SYSTEM SETUP
 * 4 - ALTERNATE CPUs & BOARDS - if you have
 * 5 - ALTERNATE SETUP - select alternate RX (SBUS, PPM, etc.), alternate ESC-range, etc. here
 * 6 - OPTIONAL FEATURES - enable nice to have features here (FlightModes, LCD, telemetry, battery monitor etc.)
 * 7 - TUNING & DEVELOPER - if you know what you are doing; you have been warned
 *    - (ESCs calibration, Dynamic Motor/Prop Balancing, Diagnostics, Memory savings.....)
 * 8 - DEPRECATED - these features will be removed in some future release
 */

/* Notes:
 * 1. parameters marked with (*) in the comment are stored in eeprom and can be changed via serial monitor or LCD.
 * 2. parameters marked with (**) in the comment are stored in eeprom and can be changed via the GUI
 */

/*****
SECTION 1 - BASIC SETUP *****/

/*****
The type of multicopter *****/
#define GIMBAL
#define BI
#define TRI
#define QUADP
#define QUADX
#define Y4
#define Y6
#define HEX6
#define HEX6X
#define HEX6H // New Model
#define OCTOX8
#define OCTOFLATP
#define OCTOFLATX
#define FLYING_WING
#define VTAIL4
#define AIRPLANE
#define SINGLECOPTER
#define DUALCOPTER
#define HELI_120_CCPM
#define HELI_90_DEG

/*****
Motor minthrottle *****/
/* Set the minimum throttle command sent to the ESC (Electronic Speed Controller)
This is the minimum value that allow motors to run at a idle speed */
#define MINTHROTTLE 1300 // for Turnigy Plush ESCs 10A
#define MINTHROTTLE 1120 // for Super Simple ESCs 10A
#define MINTHROTTLE 1064 // special ESC (simonk)
#define MINTHROTTLE 1050 // for brushed ESCs like ladybird
#define MINTHROTTLE 1150 // (*) (**)

/*****
Motor maxthrottle *****/
/* this is the maximum value for the ESCs at full power, this value can be increased up to 2000 */
#define MAXTHROTTLE 1850

/*****
Mincommand *****/
/* this is the value for the ESCs when they are not armed
in some cases, this value must be lowered down to 900 for some specific ESCs, otherwise they failed to initiate */
#define MINCOMMAND 1000

/*****
I2C speed for old WMP config (useless config for other sensors) *****/
#define I2C_SPEED 100000L //100kHz normal mode, this value must be used for a genuine WMP
#define I2C_SPEED 400000L //400kHz fast mode, it works only with some WMP clones

/*****
Internal i2c Pullups *****/
/* enable internal I2C pull ups (in most cases it is better to use external pullups) */
#define INTERNAL_I2C_PULLUPS

/*****
boards and sensor definitions *****/

/*****
Combined IMU Boards *****/
/* if you use a specific sensor board:

```

please submit any correction to this list.

Note from Alex: I only own some boards, for other boards, I'm not sure, the info was gathered via rc forums, be cautious */

```
##define FFIMUv1 // first 9DOF+baro board from Jussi, with HMC5843 <- confirmed by Alex
#define FFIMUv2 // second version of 9DOF+baro board from Jussi, with HMC5883 <- confirmed by Alex
##define FREEIMUv1 // v0.1 & v0.2 & v0.3 version of 9DOF board from Fabio
##define FREEIMUv03 // FreeIMU v0.3 and v0.3.1
##define FREEIMUv035 // FreeIMU v0.3.5 no baro
##define FREEIMUv035_MS // FreeIMU v0.3.5_MS <- confirmed by Alex
##define FREEIMUv035_BMP // FreeIMU v0.3.5_BMP
##define FREEIMUv04 // FreeIMU v0.4 with MPU6050, HMC5883L, MS561101BA <- confirmed by Alex
##define FREEIMUv043 // same as FREEIMUv04 with final MPU6050 (with the right ACC scale)
##define NANOWII // the smallest multiwii FC based on MPU6050 + pro micro based proc <- confirmed by Alex
##define PIPO // 9DOF board from erazz
##define QUADRINO // full FC board 9DOF+baro board from witespy with BMP085 baro <- confirmed by Alex
##define QUADRINO_ZOOM // full FC board 9DOF+baro board from witespy second edition
##define QUADRINO_ZOOM_MS // full FC board 9DOF+baro board from witespy second edition <- confirmed by Alex
##define ALLINONE // full FC board or standalone 9DOF+baro board from CSG_EU
##define AEROQUADSHIELDv2
##define ATAVRSBIN1 // Atmel 9DOF (Contribution by EOSBandi). requires 3.3V power.
##define SIRIUS // Sirius Navigator IMU <- confirmed by Alex
##define SIRIUSGPS // Sirius Navigator IMU using external MAG on GPS board <- confirmed by Alex
##define SIRIUS600 // Sirius Navigator IMU using the WMP for the gyro
##define SIRIUS_AIR // Sirius Navigator IMU 6050 32U4 from MultiWiiCopter.com <- confirmed by Alex
##define SIRIUS_AIR_GPS // Sirius Navigator IMU 6050 32U4 from MultiWiiCopter.com with GPS/MAG remote located
##define SIRIUS_MEGA v5_OSD // Paris_Sirius™ ITG3050,BMA280,MS5611,HMC5883,uBlox http://www.MultiwiiCopter.com <- confirmed by Alex
##define MINIWII // Jussi's MiniWii Flight Controller <- confirmed by Alex
##define MICROWII // MicroWii 10DOF with ATmega32u4, MPU6050, HMC5883L, MS561101BA from http://flyduino.net/
##define CITRUSv2_1 // CITRUS from qcrc.ca
##define CHERRY6DOFv1_0
##define DROTEK_10DOF // Drotek 10DOF with ITG3200, BMA180, HMC5883, BMP085, w or w/o LLC
##define DROTEK_10DOF_MS // Drotek 10DOF with ITG3200, BMA180, HMC5883, MS5611, LLC
##define DROTEK_6DOFv2 // Drotek 6DOF v2
##define DROTEK_6DOF_MPU // Drotek 6DOF with MPU6050
##define DROTEK_10DOF_MPU//
##define MONGOOSE1_0 // mongoose 1.0 http://store.ckdevices.com/
##define CRIUS_LITE // Crius MultiWii Lite
##define CRIUS_SE // Crius MultiWii SE
##define CRIUS_SE_v2_0 // Crius MultiWii SE 2.0 with MPU6050, HMC5883 and BMP085
##define OPENLRsv2MULTI // OpenLRS v2 Multi Rc Receiver board including ITG3205 and ADXL345
##define BOARD_PROTO_1 // with MPU6050 + HMC5883L + MS baro
##define BOARD_PROTO_2 // with MPU6050 + slave MAG3110 + MS baro
##define GY_80 // Chinese 10 DOF with L3G4200D ADXL345 HMC5883L BMP085, LLC
##define GY_85 // Chinese 9 DOF with ITG3205 ADXL345 HMC5883L LLC
##define GY_86 // Chinese 10 DOF with MPU6050 HMC5883L MS5611, LLC
##define GY_521 // Chinese 6 DOF with MPU6050, LLC
##define INNOVWORKS_10DOF // with ITG3200, BMA180, HMC5883, BMP085 available here http://www.diy multicopter.com
##define INNOVWORKS_6DOF // with ITG3200, BMA180 available here http://www.diy multicopter.com
##define MultiWiiMega // MEGA + MPU6050+HMC5883L+MS5611 available here http://www.diy multicopter.com
##define PROTO_DIY // 10DOF mega board
##define IOI_MINI_MULTIWII// www.bambucopter.com
##define Bobs_6DOF_V1 // BobsQuads 6DOF V1 with ITG3200 & BMA180
##define Bobs_9DOF_V1 // BobsQuads 9DOF V1 with ITG3200, BMA180 & HMC5883L
##define Bobs_10DOF_BMP_V1 // BobsQuads 10DOF V1 with ITG3200, BMA180, HMC5883L & BMP180 - BMP180 is software compatible with
BMP085
##define FLYDUINO_MPU // MPU6050 Break Out onboard 3.3V reg
##define CRIUS_AIO_PRO_V1
##define DESQUARED6DOFV2GO // DEsquared V2 with ITG3200 only
##define DESQUARED6DOFV4 // DEsquared V4 with MPU6050
##define LADYBIRD
##define MEGAWAP_V2_STD // available here: http://www.multircshop.com <- confirmed by Alex
##define MEGAWAP_V2_ADV
##define HK_MultiWii_SE_V2 // Hobbyking board with MPU6050 + HMC5883L + BMP085
##define HK_MultiWii_328P // Also labeled "Hobbybro" on the back. ITG3205 + BMA180 + BMP085 + NMC5583L + DSM2 Connector (Spektrum
Satellite)
##define RCNet_FC // RCNet FC with MPU6050 and MS561101BA http://www.rcnet.com
##define RCNet_FC_GPS // RCNet FC with MPU6050 + MS561101BA + HMC5883L + UBLOX GPS http://www.rcnet.com
##define FLYDU_ULTRA // MEGA+10DOF+MT3339 FC
##define DIYFLYING_MAGE_V1 // diyflying 10DOF mega board with MPU6050 + HMC5883L + BMP085 http://www.indoor-flying.hk
##define MultiWii_32U4_SE // Hextronik MultiWii_32U4_SE
##define MultiWii_32U4_SE_no_baro // Hextronik MultiWii_32U4_SE without the MS561101BA for more free flash-memory
##define Flyduino9DOF // Flyduino 9DOF IMU MPU6050+HMC5883L
##define Nano_Plane // Multiwii Plane version with tail-front LSM330 sensor http://www.radiosait.ru/en/page_5324.html

/****** independent sensors *****/
/* leave it commented if you already checked a specific board above */
/* I2C gyroscope */
##define WMP
##define ITG3200
##define MPU3050
##define L3G4200D
##define MPU6050 //combo + ACC
##define LSM330 //combo + ACC

/* I2C accelerometer */
##define NUNCHUCK // if you want to use the nunchuk connected to a WMP
##define MMA7455
##define ADXL345
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#define BMA020
#define BMA180
#define BMA280
#define NUNCHACK // if you want to use the nunchuk as a standalone I2C ACC without WMP
#define LIS3LV02
#define LSM303DLx_ACC
#define MMA8451Q

/* I2C barometer */
#define BMP085
#define MS561101BA

/* I2C magnetometer */
#define HMC5843
#define HMC5883
#define AK8975
#define MAG3110

/* Sonar */ // for visualization purpose currently - no control code behind
#define SRF02 // use the Devantech SRF i2c sensors
#define SRF08
#define SRF10
#define SRF23

/* ADC accelerometer */ // for 5DOF from sparkfun, uses analog PIN A1/A2/A3
#define ADCACC

/* enforce your individual sensor orientation - even overrides board specific defaults */
#define FORCE_ACC_ORIENTATION(X, Y, Z) {imu.accADC[ROLL] = Y; imu.accADC[PITCH] = -X; imu.accADC[YAW] = Z;}
#define FORCE_GYRO_ORIENTATION(X, Y, Z) {imu.gyroADC[ROLL] = -Y; imu.gyroADC[PITCH] = X; imu.gyroADC[YAW] = Z;}
#define FORCE_MAG_ORIENTATION(X, Y, Z) {imu.magADC[ROLL] = X; imu.magADC[PITCH] = Y; imu.magADC[YAW] = Z;}

/* Board orientation shift */
/* If you have frame designed only for + mode and you cannot rotate FC physically for flying in X mode (or vice versa)
* you can use one of this options for virtual sensors rotation by 45 degrees, then set type of multicopter according to flight mode.
* Check motors order and directions of motors rotation for matching with new front point! Uncomment only one option! */
#define SENSORS_TILT_45DEG_RIGHT // rotate the FRONT 45 degrees clockwise
#define SENSORS_TILT_45DEG_LEFT // rotate the FRONT 45 degrees counterclockwise

/*****
*****
***** SECTION 2 - COPTER TYPE SPECIFIC OPTIONS *****
*****
*****/

/***** PID Controller *****/
/* choose one of the alternate PID control algorithms
* 1 = evolved oldschool algorithm (similar to v2.2)
* 2 = new experimental algorithm from Alex Khoroshko - unsupported - http://www.multiwii.com/forum/viewtopic.php?f=8&t=3671&start=10#p37387
* */
#define PID_CONTROLLER 1

/* NEW: not used anymore for servo coptertypes <== NEEDS FIXING - MOVE TO WIKI */
#define YAW_DIRECTION 1
#define YAW_DIRECTION -1 // if you want to reverse the yaw correction direction

#define ONLYARMWHENFLAT //prevent the copter from arming when the copter is tilted

/***** ARM/DISARM *****/
/* optionally disable stick combinations to arm/disarm the motors.
* In most cases one of the two options to arm/disarm via TX stick is sufficient */
#define ALLOW_ARM_DISARM_VIA_TX_YAW
#define ALLOW_ARM_DISARM_VIA_TX_ROLL

/***** SERVO *****/
/* info on which servos connect where and how to setup can be found here
* http://www.multiwii.com/wiki/index.php?title=Config.h#Servos_configuration
*/

/* if you want to preset min/middle/max values for servos right after flashing, because of limited physical
* room for servo travel, then you must enable and set all three following options */
#define SERVO_MIN {1020, 1020, 1020, 1020, 1020, 1020, 1020, 1020}
#define SERVO_MAX {2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000, 2000}
#define SERVO_MID {1500, 1500, 1500, 1500, 1500, 1500, 1500, 1500} // (*)
#define FORCE_SERVO_RATES {30,30,100,100,100,100,100,100} // 0 = normal, 1= reverse

/***** Cam Stabilisation *****/
/* The following lines apply only for a pitch/roll tilt stabilization system. Uncomment the first or second line to activate it */
#define SERVO_MIX_TILT
#define SERVO_TILT

/* camera trigger function : activated via Rc Options in the GUI, servo output=A2 on promini */
// trigger interval can be changed via (*GUI*) or via AUX channel
#define CAMTRIG
#define CAM_TIME_HIGH 1000 // the duration of HIGH state servo expressed in ms

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/***** Airplane *****/
//#define USE_THROTTLESERVO // For use of standard 50Hz servo on throttle.

//#define FLAPPERONS AUX4 // Mix Flaps with Ailerons.
#define FLAPPERON_EP { 1500, 1700 } // Endpoints for flaps on a 2 way switch else set {1020,2000} and program in radio.
#define FLAPPERON_INVERT { -1, 1 } // Change direction of flapperons { Wing1, Wing2 }

//#define FLAPS // Traditional Flaps on SERVO3.
//#define FLAPSPEED 3 // Make flaps move slower Higher value is Higher Speed.

/***** Common for Heli & Airplane *****/

/* Governor: attempts to maintain rpm through pitch and voltage changes
 * predictive approach: observe input signals and voltage and guess appropriate corrections.
 * (the throttle curve must leave room for the governor, so 0-50-75-80-80 is ok, 0-50-95-100-100 is _not_ ok.
 * Can be toggled via aux switch.
 */
//#define GOVERNOR_P 7 // (*) proportional factor. Higher value -> higher throttle increase. Must be >=1; 0 = turn off
//#define GOVERNOR_D 4 // (*) decay timing. Higher value -> takes longer to return throttle to normal. Must be >=1;

//#define VOLTAGEDROP_COMPENSATION // voltage impact correction

/***** Heli *****/
/* Channel to control CollectivePitch */
#define COLLECTIVE_PITCH THROTTLE

/* Limit the range of Collective Pitch. 100% is Full Range each way and position for Zero Pitch */
#define COLLECTIVE_RANGE { 80, 0, 80 } // {Min%, ZeroPitch offset from 1500, Max%}.
#define YAWMOTOR 0 // If a motor is used as YAW Set to 1 else set to 0.

/* Servo mixing for heli 120
 {Coll,Nick,Roll} */
#define SERVO_NICK { +10, -10, 0 }
#define SERVO_LEFT { +10, +5, +10 }
#define SERVO_RIGHT { +10, +5, -10 }

/* Limit Maximum control for Roll & Nick in 0-100% */
#define CONTROL_RANGE { 100, 100 } // { ROLL,PITCH }

/* use servo code to drive the throttle output. You want this for analog servo driving the throttle on IC engines.
 if inactive, throttle output will be treated as a motor output, so it can drive an ESC */
//#define HELI_USE_SERVO_FOR_THROTTLE

/***** your individual mixing *****/
/* if you want to override an existing entry in the mixing table, you may want to avoid editing the
 * mixTable() function for every version again and again.
 * howto: http://www.multiwii.com/wiki/index.php?title=Config.h#Individual\_Mixing
 */
//#define MY_PRIVATE_MIXING "filename.h"

/***** your individual defaults *****/
/* if you want to replace the hardcoded default values with your own (e.g. from a previous save to an .mwi file),
 * you may want to avoid editing the LoadDefaults() function for every version again and again.
 * http://www.multiwii.com/wiki/index.php?title=Config.h#Individual\_defaults
 */
//#define MY_PRIVATE_DEFAULTS "filename.h"

/***** SECTION 3 - RC SYSTEM SETUP *****/

/* note: no need to uncomment something in this section if you use a standard receiver */

/***** special receiver types *****/

/***** PPM Sum Reciver *****/
/* The following lines apply only for specific receiver with only one PPM sum signal, on digital PIN 2
 Select the right line depending on your radio brand. Feel free to modify the order in your PPM order is different */
//#define SERIAL_SUM_PPM PITCH,YAW,THROTTLE,ROLL,AUX1,AUX2,AUX3,AUX4,8,9,10,11 //For Graupner/Spektrum
//#define SERIAL_SUM_PPM ROLL,PITCH,THROTTLE,YAW,AUX1,AUX2,AUX3,AUX4,8,9,10,11 //For Robe/Hitec/Futaba
//#define SERIAL_SUM_PPM ROLL,PITCH,YAW,THROTTLE,AUX1,AUX2,AUX3,AUX4,8,9,10,11 //For Multiplex
//#define SERIAL_SUM_PPM PITCH,ROLL,THROTTLE,YAW,AUX1,AUX2,AUX3,AUX4,8,9,10,11 //For some Hitec/Sanwa/Others

// Uncommenting following line allow to connect PPM_SUM receiver to standard THROTTLE PIN on MEGA boards (eg. A8 in CRIUS AIO)
//#define PPM_ON_THROTTLE

/***** Spektrum Satellite Receiver *****/
/* The following lines apply only for Spektrum Satellite Receiver
 Spektrum Satellites are 3V devices. DO NOT connect to 5V!
 For MEGA boards, attach sat grey wire to RX1, pin 19. Sat black wire to ground. Sat orange wire to Mega board's 3.3V (or any other 3V to 3.3V source).
 For PROMINI, attach sat grey to RX0. Attach sat black to ground. */
//#define SPEKTRUM 1024

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//define SPEKTRUM 2048
//define SPEK_SERIAL_PORT 1 // Forced to 0 on Pro Mini and single serial boards; Set to your choice of 0, 1, or 2 on any Mega based board
(defaults to 1 on Mega).
//*****
// Defines that allow a "Bind" of a Spektrum or Compatible Remote Receiver (aka Satellite) via Configuration GUI.
// Bind mode will be same as declared above, if your TX is capable.
// Ground, Power, and Signal must come from three adjacent pins.
// By default, these are Ground=4, Power=5, Signal=6. These pins are in a row on most MultiWii shield boards. Pins can be overridden below.
// Normally use 3.3V regulator is needed on the power pin!! If your satellite hangs during bind (blinks, but won't complete bind with a solid light), go
direct 5V on all pins.
//*****
// For Pro Mini, the connector for the Satellite that resides on the FTDI can be unplugged and moved to these three adjacent pins.
//define SPEK_BIND //Un-Comment for Spektrum Satellite Bind Support. Code is ~420 bytes smaller without it.
//define SPEK_BIND_GROUND 4
//define SPEK_BIND_POWER 5
//define SPEK_BIND_DATA 6

/***** SBUS RECIVER *****/
/* The following line apply only for Futaba S-Bus Receiver on MEGA boards at RX1 only (Serial 1) or PROMICRO boards.
You have to invert the S-Bus-Serial Signal e.g. with a Hex-Inverter like IC SN74 LS 04 */
//define SBUS
#define SBUS_SERIAL_PORT 1
#define SBUS_MID_OFFSET 988 //SBUS Mid-Point at 1500

/*****
/*****
/***** SECTION 4 - ALTERNATE CPUs & BOARDS *****/
/*****
/*****
/*****
/***** Promini Specifig Settings *****/
/*****
/***** Hexa Motor 5 & 6 Pins *****/
/* PIN A0 and A1 instead of PIN D5 & D6 for 6 motors config and promini config
This mod allow the use of a standard receiver on a pro mini
(no need to use a PPM sum receiver) */
//define A0_A1_PIN_HEX

/***** Aux 2 Pin *****/
/* possibility to use PIN8 or PIN12 as the AUX2 RC input (only one, not both)
it deactivates in this case the POWER PIN (pin 12) or the BUZZER PIN (pin 8) */
//define RCAUXPIN8
//define RCAUXPIN12

/*****
/***** Teensy 2.0 Support *****/
/*****
/* uncomment this if you use a teensy 2.0 with teensyduino
it needs to run at 16MHz */
//define TEENSY20

/*****
/***** Settings for ProMicro, Leonardo and other Atmega32u4 Boards *****/
/*****
/***** pin Layout *****/
/* activate this for a better pinlayout if all pins can be used => not possible on ProMicro */
//define A32U4ALLPINS

/***** PWM Setup *****/
/* activate all 6 hardware PWM outputs Motor 5 = D11 and 6 = D13.
note: not possible on the sparkfun promicro (pin 11 & 13 are not broken out there)
if activated:
Motor 1-6 = 10-bit hardware PWM
Motor 7-8 = 8-bit Software PWM
Servos = 8-bit Software PWM
if deactivated:
Motor 1-4 = 10-bit hardware PWM
Motor 5-8 = 10-bit Software PWM
Servos = 10-bit Software PWM */
//define HWPWM6

/***** Aux 2 Pin *****/
/* AUX2 pin on pin RX0 */
//define RCAUX2PINRX0

/* aux2 pin on pin D17 (RXLED) */
//define RCAUX2PIND17

/***** Buzzer Pin *****/
/* this moves the Buzzer pin from TX0 to D8 for use with ppm sum or spectrum sat. RX (not needed if A32U4ALLPINS is active) */
//define D8BUZZER

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/***** Promicro version related *****/
/* Inverted status LED for Promicro ver 10 */
#define PROMICRO10

/***** override default pin assignments *****/

/* only enable any of this if you must change the default pin assignment, e.g. your board does not have a specific pin */
/* you may need to change PINx and PORTx plus #shift according to the desired pin! */
#define OVERRIDE_V_BATPIN          A0 // instead of A3  // Analog PIN 3

#define OVERRIDE_PSENSORPIN        A1 // instead of A2  // Analog PIN 2

#define OVERRIDE_LEDPIN_PINMODE    pinMode (A1, OUTPUT); // use A1 instead of d13
#define OVERRIDE_LEDPIN_TOGGLE    PINC |= 1<<1; // PINB |= 1<<5; //switch LEDPIN state (digital PIN 13)
#define OVERRIDE_LEDPIN_OFF        PORTC &= ~(1<<1); // PORTB &= ~(1<<5);
#define OVERRIDE_LEDPIN_ON        PORTC |= 1<<1; // was PORTB |= (1<<5);

#define OVERRIDE_BUZZERPIN_PINMODE pinMode (A2, OUTPUT); // use A2 instead of d8
#define OVERRIDE_BUZZERPIN_ON      PORTC |= 1<<2 //PORTB |= 1;
#define OVERRIDE_BUZZERPIN_OFF     PORTC &= ~(1<<2); //PORTB &= ~1;

/*****
/*****
/***** SECTION 5 - ALTERNATE SETUP *****/
/*****
/*****

Serial com speed *****/
/* This is the speed of the serial interfaces */
#define SERIAL0_COM_SPEED 115200
#define SERIAL1_COM_SPEED 115200
#define SERIAL2_COM_SPEED 115200
#define SERIAL3_COM_SPEED 115200

/* interleaving delay in micro seconds between 2 readings WMP/NK in a WMP+NK config
   if the ACC calibration time is very long (20 or 30s), try to increase this delay up to 4000
   it is relevant only for a conf with NK */
#define INTERLEAVING_DELAY 3000

/* when there is an error on I2C bus, we neutralize the values during a short time. expressed in microseconds
   it is relevant only for a conf with at least a WMP */
#define NEUTRALIZE_DELAY 100000

/*****
/***** Gyro filters *****/
/*****

/***** Lowpass filter for some gyros *****/
/* ITG3200 & ITG3205 Low pass filter setting. In case you cannot eliminate all vibrations to the Gyro, you can try
   to decrease the LPF frequency, only one step per try. As soon as twitching gone, stick with that setting.
   It will not help on feedback wobbles, so change only when copter is randomly twitching and all dampening and
   balancing options ran out. Uncomment only one option!
   IMPORTANT! Change low pass filter setting changes PID behaviour, so retune your PID's after changing LPF.*/
#define ITG3200_LPF_256HZ // This is the default setting, no need to uncomment, just for reference
#define ITG3200_LPF_188HZ
#define ITG3200_LPF_98HZ
#define ITG3200_LPF_42HZ
#define ITG3200_LPF_20HZ
#define ITG3200_LPF_10HZ // Use this only in extreme cases, rather change motors and/or props

/* MPU6050 Low pass filter setting. In case you cannot eliminate all vibrations to the Gyro, you can try
   to decrease the LPF frequency, only one step per try. As soon as twitching gone, stick with that setting.
   It will not help on feedback wobbles, so change only when copter is randomly twitching and all dampening and
   balancing options ran out. Uncomment only one option!
   IMPORTANT! Change low pass filter setting changes PID behaviour, so retune your PID's after changing LPF.*/
#define MPU6050_LPF_256HZ // This is the default setting, no need to uncomment, just for reference
#define MPU6050_LPF_188HZ
#define MPU6050_LPF_98HZ
#define MPU6050_LPF_42HZ
#define MPU6050_LPF_20HZ
#define MPU6050_LPF_10HZ
#define MPU6050_LPF_5HZ // Use this only in extreme cases, rather change motors and/or props

/***** Gyro smoothing *****/
/* GYRO_SMOOTHING. In case you cannot reduce vibrations _and_ _after_ you have tried the low pass filter options, you
   may try this gyro smoothing via averaging. Not suitable for multicopters!
   Good results for helicopter, airplanes and flying wings (foamies) with lots of vibrations.*/
#define GYRO_SMOOTHING {20, 20, 3} // (*) separate averaging ranges for roll, pitch, yaw

/***** Moving Average Gyros *****/
#define MMGYRO 10 // (*) Active Moving Average Function for Gyros
#define MMGYROVECTORLENGTH 15 // Length of Moving Average Vector (maximum value for tunable MMGYRO
/* Moving Average ServoGimbal Signal Output */

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```

// #define MMSSERVOGIMBAL // Active Output Moving Average Function for Servos Gimbal
// #define MMSSERVOGIMBALVECTORENGLHT 32 // Lenght of Moving Average Vector

/***** Analog Reads *****/
/* if you want faster analog Reads, enable this. It may result in less accurate results, especially for more than one analog channel */
// #define FASTER_ANALOG_READS

/***** SECTION 6 - OPTIONAL FEATURES *****/

/***** Angele throttle correction *****/
/* Automatically increase throttle based on the angle of the copter
   Original idea by Kraut Rob, first implementation HAdrian */

// #define THROTTLE_ANGLE_CORRECTION 40

/***** Advanced Headfree Mode *****/
/* In Advanced Headfree mode when the copter is farther than ADV_HEADFREE_RANGE meters then
   the bearing between home and copter position will become the control direction
   IF copter come closer than ADV_HEADFREE_RANGE meters, then the control direction freezed to the
   bearing between home and copter at the point where it crosses the ADV_HEADFREE_RANGE meter distance
   first implementation by HAdrian, mods by EOSBandi */

// #define ADVANCED_HEADFREE // Advanced headfree mode is
enabled when this is uncommented
// #define ADV_HEADFREE_RANGE 15 // Range where advanced headfree
mode activated

/***** continuous gyro calibration *****/
/* Gyrocalibration will be repeated if copter is moving during calibration. */
// #define GYROCALIBRATIONFAILSAFE

/***** AP FlightMode *****/
/* Temporarily Disables GPS_HOLD_MODE to be able to make it possible to adjust the Hold-position when moving the sticks. */
# define AP_MODE 40 // Create a deadspan for GPS.

/***** Assisted AcroTrainer *****/
/* Train Acro with auto recovery. Value set the point where ANGLE_MODE takes over.
   Remember to activate ANGLE_MODE first!...
   A Value on 200 will give a very distinct transfer */
// #define ACROTRAINER_MODE 200 // http://www.mutiwii.com/forum/viewtopic.php?f=16&t=1944#p17437

/***** Failsafe settings *****/
/* Failsafe check pulses on four main control channels CH1-CH4. If the pulse is missing or bellow 985us (on any of these four channels)
   the failsafe procedure is initiated. After FAILSAFE_DELAY time from failsafe detection, the level mode is on (if ACC or nunchuk is avialible),
   PITCH, ROLL and YAW is centered and THROTTLE is set to FAILSAFE_THROTTLE value. You must set this value to descending about 1m/s or so
   for best results. This value is depended from your configuration, AUW and some other params. Next, after FAILSAFE_OFF_DELAY the copter is
   disarmed,
   and motors is stopped. If RC pulse coming back before reached FAILSAFE_OFF_DELAY time, after the small quard time the RC control is returned to
   normal. */
# define FAILSAFE // uncomment to activate the failsafe function
# define FAILSAFE_DELAY 10 // Guard time for failsafe activation after signal lost. 1 step = 0.1sec - 1sec in example
# define FAILSAFE_OFF_DELAY 40 // Time for Landing before motors stop in 0.1sec. 1 step = 0.1sec - 20sec in example
# define FAILSAFE_THRÖTTLE (MINTHROTTLE + 200) // (*) Throttle level used for landing - may be relative to MINTHROTTLE - as in this case

# define FAILSAFE_DETECT_TRESHOLD 985

/***** DFRobot LED RING *****/
/* I2C DFRobot LED RING communication */
// #define LED_RING

/***** LED FLASHER *****/
// #define LED_FLASHER
// #define LED_FLASHER_DDR DDRB
// #define LED_FLASHER_PORT PORTB
// #define LED_FLASHER_BIT PORTB4
// #define LED_FLASHER_INVERT
// #define LED_FLASHER_SEQUENCE 0b00000000 // leds OFF
// #define LED_FLASHER_SEQUENCE_ARMED 0b00000101 // create double flashes
// #define LED_FLASHER_SEQUENCE_MAX 0b11111111 // full illumination
// #define LED_FLASHER_SEQUENCE_LOW 0b00000000 // no illumination

/***** Landing lights *****/
/* Landing lights
   Use an output pin to control landing lights.
   They can be switched automatically when used in conjunction
   with altitude data from a sonar unit. */
// #define LANDING_LIGHTS_DDR DDRC
// #define LANDING_LIGHTS_PORT PORTC

```

```

//#define LANDING_LIGHTS_BIT PORTC0
//#define LANDING_LIGHTS_INVERT

/* altitude above ground (in cm) as reported by sonar */
//#define LANDING_LIGHTS_AUTO_ALTITUDE 50

/* adopt the flasher pattern for landing light LEDs */
//#define LANDING_LIGHTS_ADOPT_LED_FLASHER_PATTERN

/***** INFLIGHT ACC Calibration *****/
/* This will activate the ACC-Inflight calibration if unchecked */
//#define INFLIGHT_ACC_CALIBRATION

/***** OSD Switch *****/
// This adds a box that can be interpreted by OSD in activation status (to switch on/off the overlay for instance)
//#define OSD_SWITCH

/***** TX-related *****/

/* introduce a deadband around the stick center
   Must be greater than zero, comment if you dont want a deadband on roll, pitch and yaw */
//#define DEADBAND 6

/***** GPS *****/

/* GPS using a SERIAL port
   if enabled, define here the Arduino Serial port number and the UART speed
   note: only the RX PIN is used in case of NMEA mode, the GPS is not configured by multiwii
   in NMEA mode the GPS must be configured to output GGA and RMC NMEA sentences (which is generally the default conf for most GPS devices)
   at least 5Hz update rate. uncomment the first line to select the GPS serial port of the arduino */

#define GPS_SERIAL 2 // should be 2 for flyduino v2. It's the serial port number on arduino MEGA
//#define GPS_PROMINI_SERIAL // Will Autosense if GPS is connected when ardu boots.

// avoid using 115200 baud because with 16MHz arduino the 115200 baudrate have more than 2% speed error (57600 have 0.8% error)
#define GPS_BAUD 115200

/* GPS protocol
   NMEA - Standard NMEA protocol GGA, GSA and RMC sentences are needed
   UBLOX - U-Blox binary protocol, use the ublox config file (u-blox-config.ublox.txt) from the source tree
   MTK_BINARY16 and MTK_BINARY19 - MTK3329 chipset based GPS with DIYDrones binary firmware (v1.6 or v1.9)
   With UBLOX and MTK_BINARY you don't have to use GPS_FILTERING in multiwii code !!! */

#define NMEA
//#define UBLOX
//#define MTK_BINARY16
//#define MTK_BINARY19
//#define INIT_MTK_GPS // initialize MTK GPS for using selected speed, 5Hz update rate and GGA & RMC sentence or binary settings

/* I2C GPS device made with an independant arduino + GPS device
   including some navigation functions
   contribution from EOSBandi http://code.google.com/p/i2c-gps-nav/
   You have to use at least I2CGpsNav code r33 */
//#define I2C_GPS
// If your I2C GPS board has Sonar support enabled
//#define I2C_GPS_SONAR

/* GPS data readed from Misio-OSD - GPS module connected to OSD, and MultiWii read GPS data from OSD - tested and working OK ! */
//#define GPS_FROM_OSD

/* indicate a valid GPS fix with at least 5 satellites by flashing the LED - Modified by MIS - Using stable LED (YELLOW on CRIUS AIO) led work as sat
number indicator
   - No GPS FIX -> LED blink at speed of incoming GPS frames
   - Fix and sat no. bellow 5 -> LED off
   - Fix and sat no. >= 5 -> LED blinks, one blink for 5 sat, two blinks for 6 sat, three for 7 ... */
#define GPS_LED_INDICATOR

//#define USE_MSP_WP //Enables the MSP_WP command, which is used by WinGUI to display and log Home and Poshold positions

//#define DONT_RESET_HOME_AT_ARM // HOME position is reset at every arm, uncomment it to prohibit it (you can set home position with
GyroCalibration)

/* GPS navigation can control the heading */

#define NAV_CONTROLS_HEADING true // copter faces toward the navigation point, maghold must be enabled for it
#define NAV_TAIL_FIRST false // true - copter comes in with tail first
#define NAV_SET_TAKEOFF_HEADING true // true - when copter arrives to home position it rotates it's head to takeoff direction

/* Get your magnetic declination from here : http://magnetic-declination.com/
   Convert the degree+minutes into decimal degree by ==> degree+minutes*(1/60)

```



```

    Note the sign on declination it could be negative or positive (WEST or EAST) */
#define MAG_DECLINATION 3.96f //For Budapest Hungary.
#define MAG_DECLINATION 0.0f //(**)

#define GPS_LEAD_FILTER // Adds a forward predictive filterig to compensate gps lag. Code based on Jason Short's lead filter
implementation

//define GPS_FILTERING // add a 5 element moving average filter to GPS coordinates, helps eliminate gps noise but adds latency
comment out to disable
#define GPS_WP_RADIUS 200 // if we are within this distance to a waypoint then we consider it reached (distance is in cm)
#define NAV_SLEW_RATE 30 // Adds a rate control to nav output, will smoothen out nav angle spikes

/*****
***** LCD/OLED - display settings *****
*****/

/* http://www.multiwii.com/wiki/index.php?title=Extra_features#LCD_2F_OLED */

/***** The type of LCD *****/
/* choice of LCD attached for configuration and telemetry, see notes below */
#define LCD_DUMMY // No Physical LCD attached. With this & LCD_CONF defined, TX sticks still work to set gains, by watching LED blink.
#define LCD_SERIAL3W // Alex' initial variant with 3 wires, using rx-pin for transmission @9600 baud fixed
#define LCD_TEXTSTAR // SERIAL LCD: Cat's Whisker LCD_TEXTSTAR Module CW-LCD-02 (Which has 4 input keys for selecting menus)
#define LCD_VT100 // SERIAL LCD: vt100 compatible terminal emulation (blueterm, putty, etc.)
#define LCD_TTY // SERIAL LCD: useful to tweak parameters over cable with arduino IDE 'serial monitor'
#define LCD_ETPP // I2C LCD: Eagle Tree Power Panel LCD, which is i2c (not serial)
#define LCD_LCD03 // I2C LCD: LCD03, which is i2c
#define OLED_I2C_128x64 // I2C LCD: OLED http://www.multiwii.com/forum/viewtopic.php?f=7&t=1350
#define OLED_DIGOLE // I2C OLED from http://www.digole.com/index.php?productID=550

/***** Display settings *****/
#define LCD_SERIAL_PORT 0 // must be 0 on Pro Mini and single serial boards; Set to your choice on any Mega based board

#define SUPPRESS_OLED_I2C_128x64LOGO // suppress display of OLED logo to save memory

/* double font height for better readability. Reduces visible #lines by half.
* The lower part of each page is accessible under the name of shifted keyboard letter :
* 1 - ! , 2 - @ , 3 - # , 4 - $ , 5 - % , 6 - ^ , 7 - & , 8 - * , 9 - (
* You must add both to your lcd.telemetry.* sequences
*/
#define DISPLAY_FONT_DSIZE //currently only aplicable for OLED_I2C_128x64 and OLED_DIGOLE

/* style of display - AUTODETECTED via LCD_setting - only activate to override defaults */
#define DISPLAY_2LINES
#define DISPLAY_MULTILINE
#define MULTILINE_PRE 2 // multiline configMenu # pref lines
#define MULTILINE_POST 6 // multiline configMenu # post lines
#define DISPLAY_COLUMNS 16
/***** Navigation *****/
/* keys to navigate the LCD menu */
#define LCD_MENU_PREV 'p'
#define LCD_MENU_NEXT 'n'
#define LCD_VALUE_UP 'u'
#define LCD_VALUE_DOWN 'd'

#define LCD_MENU_SAVE_EXIT 's'
#define LCD_MENU_ABORT 'x'

/*****
***** LCD configuration menu *****
*****/

/* uncomment this line if you plan to use a LCD or OLED for tweaking parameters
* http://www.multiwii.com/wiki/index.php?title=Extra_features#Configuration_Menu */
#define LCD_CONF

/* to include setting the aux switches for AUX1 -> AUX4 via LCD */
#define LCD_CONF_AUX

/* optional exclude some functionality - uncomment to suppress unwanted aux channel configuration options */
#define SUPPRESS_LCD_CONF_AUX2
#define SUPPRESS_LCD_CONF_AUX34

/*****
***** LCD telemetry *****
*****/

/* to monitor system values (battery level, loop time etc. with LCD
* http://www.multiwii.com/wiki/index.php?title=LCD_Telemetry */

/***** Activation *****/
#define LCD_TELEMETRY

/* to enable automatic hopping between a choice of telemetry pages uncomment this. */
#define LCD_TELEMETRY_AUTO "123452679" // pages 1 to 9 in ascending order
#define LCD_TELEMETRY_AUTO "212232425262729" // strong emphasis on page 2

```

```

/* manual stepping sequence; first page of the sequence gets loaded at startup to allow non-interactive display */
//define LCD_TELEMETRY_STEP "0123456789" // should contain a 0 to allow switching off.

/* optional exclude some functionality - uncomment to suppress some unwanted telemetry pages */
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_1
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_2
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_3
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_4
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_5
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_6
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_7
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_8
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_9
//define SUPPRESS_TELEMETRY_PAGE_R

/*****
***          RSSI          ****/
*****/

//define RX_RSSI
//define RX_RSSI_PIN A3

/*****
***          Buzzer          ****/
*****/

//define BUZZER
//define RCOPTIONSBEEP // uncomment this if you want the buzzer to beep at any rcOptions change on channel Aux1 to Aux4
//define ARMEDTIMEWARNING 330 // (*) Trigger an alarm after a certain time of being armed [s] to save you lipo (if your TX does not have a countdown)
//define PILOTLAMP //Uncomment if you are using a X-Aircraft Pilot Lamp

/*****
***          battery voltage monitoring          ****/
*****/

/* for V BAT monitoring
after the resistor divisor we should get [0V;5V]->[0;1023] on analog V_BATPIN
with R1=33k and R2=51k
vbat = [0;1023]*16/VBATSCALE
must be associated with #define BUZZER ! */
//define VBAT // uncomment this line to activate the vbat code
#define VBATSCALE 131 // (*) (**) change this value if readed Battery voltage is different than real voltage
#define VBATNOMINAL 126 // 12.6V full battery nominal voltage - only used for lcd.telemetry
#define VBATLEVEL_WARN1 107 // (*) (**) 10.7V
#define VBATLEVEL_WARN2 99 // (*) (**) 9.9V
#define VBATLEVEL_CRIT 93 // (*) (**) 9.3V - critical condition: if vbat ever goes below this value, permanent alarm is triggered
#define NO_VBAT 16 // Avoid beeping without any battery

/*****
***          powermeter (battery capacity monitoring)          ****/
*****/

/* enable monitoring of the power consumption from battery (think of mAh)
allows to set alarm value in GUI or via LCD
Full description and howto here http://www.multiwii.com/wiki/index.php?title=Powermeter
Two options:
1 - hard: - (uses hardware sensor, after configuration gives very good results)
2 - soft: - (good results +-5% for plush and mystery ESCs @ 2S and 3S, not good with SuperSimple ESC) */
//define POWERMETER_SOFT
//define POWERMETER_HARD
#define PSENSORNUL 510 /* (*) hard only: set to analogRead() value for zero current; for I=0A my sensor
gives 1/2 Vss; that is approx 2.49Volt; */
#define PINT2mA 132 /* (*) hard: one integer step on arduino analog translates to mA (example 4.9 / 37 * 1000) ;
soft: use fictional value, start with 100.
for hard and soft: larger PINT2mA will get you larger value for power (mAh equivalent) */

/*****
***          altitude hold          ****/
*****/

/* defines the neutral zone of throttle stick during altitude hold, default setting is
+/-50 uncommend and change the value below if you want to change it. */
#define ALT_HOLD_THROTTLE_NEUTRAL_ZONE 50
//define ALT_HOLD_THROTTLE_MIDPOINT 1500 // in us - if uncommented, this value is used in ALT_HOLD for throttle stick middle point instead
of initialThrottleHold parameter.

/* uncomment to disable the altitude hold feature.
* This is useful if all of the following apply
* + you have a baro
* + want altitude readout and/or variometer
* + do not use altitude hold feature
* + want to save memory space */
//define SUPPRESS_BARO_ALTHOLD

/*****
***          altitude variometer          ****/
*****/

```

```

/* enable to get audio feedback upon rising/falling copter/plane.
 * Requires a working baro.
 * For now, Output gets sent to an enabled vt100 terminal program over the serial line.
 * choice of two methods (enable either one or both)
 * method 1 : use short term movement from baro ( bigger code size)
 * method 2 : use long term observation of altitude from baro (smaller code size)
 */
//#define VARIOMETER 12 // possible values: 12 = methods 1 & 2 ; 1 = method 1 ; 2 = method 2
//#define SUPPRESS_VARIOMETER_UP // if no signaling for up movement is desired
//#define SUPPRESS_VARIOMETER_DOWN // if no signaling for down movement is desired
//#define VARIOMETER_SINGLE_TONE // use only one tone (BEL); necessary for non-patched vt100 terminals

/*****
****      board naming      ****
*****/

/*
 * this name is displayed together with the MultiWii version number
 * upon powerup on the LCD.
 * If you are without a DISPLAYD then You may enable LCD_TTY and
 * use arduino IDE's serial monitor to view the info.
 *
 * You must preserve the format of this string!
 * It must be 16 characters total,
 * The last 4 characters will be overwritten with the version number.
 */
#define BOARD_NAME "MultiWii V.--"
//      123456789.123456

/*****      Support multiple configuration profiles in EEPROM      *****/
//#define MULTIPLE_CONFIGURATION_PROFILES

/*****      do no reset constants when change of flashed program is detected      *****/
#define NO_FLASH_CHECK

/*****
*****/
/*****      SECTION 7 - TUNING & DEVELOPER      *****/
/*****
*****/

/*****
*****/
/*****      special ESC with extended range [0-2000] microseconds      *****/
/*****
//#define EXT_MOTOR_RANGE // using this with wii-esc requires to change MINCOMMAND to 1008 for promini and mega

/*****
*****/
/*****      brushed ESC      *****/
/*****
// for 328p proc
//#define EXT_MOTOR_32KHZ
//#define EXT_MOTOR_4KHZ
//#define EXT_MOTOR_1KHZ

// for 32u4 proc
//#define EXT_MOTOR_64KHZ
//#define EXT_MOTOR_32KHZ
//#define EXT_MOTOR_16KHZ
//#define EXT_MOTOR_8KHZ

/*****
*****/
/*****      motor, servo and other presets      *****/
/*****
/* motors will not spin when the throttle command is in low position
   this is an alternative method to stop immediately the motors */
//#define MOTOR_STOP

/* some radios have not a neutral point centered on 1500. can be changed here */
#define MIDRC 1500

/*****      Servo Refreshrates      *****/
/* Default 50Hz Servo refresh rate*/
#define SERVO_RFR_50HZ

/* up to 160Hz servo refreshrate .. works with the most analog servos*/
//#define SERVO_RFR_160HZ

/* up to 300Hz refreshrate it is as fast as possible (100-300Hz depending on the count of used servos and the servos state).
   for use with digital servos
   dont use it with analog servos! they may get damage. (some will work but be careful) */
//#define SERVO_RFR_300HZ

/*****      HW PWM Servos      *****/
/* HW PWM Servo outputs for Arduino Mega.. moves:
   Pitch  = pin 44
   Roll   = pin 45

```

```

CamTrig = pin 46
SERVO4 = pin 11 (aileron left for fixed wing or TRI YAW SERVO)
SERVO5 = pin 12 (aileron right for fixed wing)
SERVO6 = pin 6 (rudder for fixed wing)
SERVO7 = pin 7 (elevator for fixed wing)
SERVO8 = pin 8 (motor for fixed wing) */

#define MEGA_HW_PWM_SERVOS

/* HW PWM Servo outputs for 32u4 NanoWii, MicroWii etc. - works with either the variable SERVO_RFR_RATE or
 * one of the 3 fixed servo.refresh.rates *
 * Tested only for heli_120, i.e. 1 motor + 4 servos, moves..
 * motor[0] = motor = pin 6
 * servo[3] = nick servo = pin 11
 * servo[4] = left servo = pin 10
 * servo[5] = yaw servo = pin 5
 * servo[6] = right servo= pin 9
 */
//#define A32U4_4_HW_PWM_SERVOS

#define SERVO_RFR_RATE 50 // In Hz, you can set it from 20 to 400Hz, used only in HW PWM mode for mega and 32u4
//#define SERVO_PIN5_RFR_RATE 200 // separate yaw pwm rate.
// In Hz, you can set it from 20 to 400Hz, used only in HW PWM mode for 32u4

/*****
Memory savings
*****/

/* options to counter the general shortage of both flash and ram memory, like with leonardo m32u4 and others */

**** suppress handling of serial commands.***
* This does _not_ affect handling of RXserial, Spektrum or GPS. Those will not be affected and still work the same.
* Enable either one or both of the following options */

/* Remove handling of all commands of the New MultiWii Serial Protocol.
 * This will disable use of the GUI, winGUI, android apps and any other program that makes use of the MSP.
 * You must find another way (like LCD_CONF) to tune the parameters or live with the defaults.
 * If you run a LCD/OLED via i2c or serial/Bluetooth, this is safe to use */
//#define SUPPRESS_ALL_SERIAL_MSP // saves approx 2700 bytes

/* Remove handling of other serial commands.
 * This includes navigating via serial the lcd.configuration menu, lcd.telemetry and permanent.log .
 * Navigating via stick inputs on tx is not affected and will work the same. */
//#define SUPPRESS_OTHER_SERIAL_COMMANDS // saves approx 0 to 100 bytes, depending on features enabled

**** suppress keeping the defaults for initial setup and reset in the code.
* This requires a manual initial setup of the PIDs etc. or load and write from defaults.mwi;
* reset in GUI will not work on PIDs
*/
//#define SUPPRESS_DEFAULTS_FROM_GUI

//#define DISABLE_SETTINGS_TAB // Saves ~400bytes on ProMini

/*****
diagnostics
*****/

/* to log values like max loop time and others to come
logging values are visible via LCD config
set to 1, enable 'R' option to reset values, max current, max altitude
set to 2, adds min/max cycleTimes
set to 3, adds additional powerconsumption on a per motor basis (this uses the big array and is a memory hog, if POWERMETER <> PM_SOFT) */
//#define LOG_VALUES 1

/* Permanent logging to eeprom - survives (most) upgrades and parameter resets.
 * used to track number of flights etc. over lifetime of controller board.
 * Writes to end of eeprom - should not conflict with stored parameters yet.
 * Logged values: accumulated lifetime, #powercycle/reset/initialize events, #arm events, #disarm events, last armedTime,
 * #failsafe@disarm, #i2c_errs@disarm
 * Enable one or more options to show the log
 */
//#define LOG_PERMANENT
//#define LOG_PERMANENT_SHOW_AT_STARTUP // enable to display log at startup
//#define LOG_PERMANENT_SHOW_AT_L // enable to display log when receiving 'L'
//#define LOG_PERMANENT_SHOW_AFTER_CONFIG // enable to display log after exiting LCD config menu
//#define LOG_PERMANENT_SERVICE_LIFETIME 36000 // in seconds; service alert at startup after 10 hours of armed time

/* to add debugging code
not needed and not recommended for normal operation
will add extra code that may slow down the main loop or make copter non-flyable */
//#define DEBUG
//#define DEBUG_FREE // will add 'F' command to show free memory

/* Use this to trigger LCD configuration without a TX - only for debugging - do NOT fly with this activated */
//#define LCD_CONF_DEBUG

```

```

/* Use this to trigger telemetry without a TX - only for debugging - do NOT fly with this activated */
//#define LCD_TELEMETRY_DEBUG //This form rolls between all screens, LCD_TELEMETRY_AUTO must also be defined.
//#define LCD_TELEMETRY_DEBUG 6 //This form stays on the screen specified.

/* Enable string transmissions from copter to GUI */
//#define DEBUGMSG

/*****
ESC calibration
*****/

/* to calibrate all ESCs connected to MWii at the same time (useful to avoid unplugging/re-plugging each ESC)
Warning: this creates a special version of MultiWii Code
You cannot fly with this special version. It is only to be used for calibrating ESCs
Read How To at http://code.google.com/p/multiwii/wiki/ESCsCalibration */
#define ESC_CALIB_LOW MINCOMMAND
#define ESC_CALIB_HIGH 2000
//#define ESC_CALIB_CANNOT_FLY // uncomment to activate

*****/
internal frequencies
*****/
/* frequencies for rare cyclic actions in the main loop, depend on cycle time
time base is main loop cycle time - a value of 6 means to trigger the action every 6th run through the main loop
example: with cycle time of approx 3ms, do action every 6*3ms=18ms
value must be [1; 65535] */
#define LCD_TELEMETRY_FREQ 23 // to send telemetry data over serial 23 <=> 60ms <=> 16Hz (only sending interlaced, so 8Hz update rate)
#define LCD_TELEMETRY_AUTO_FREQ 967 // to step to next telemetry page 967 <=> 3s
#define PSENSOR_SMOOTH 16 // len of averaging vector for smoothing the PSENSOR readings; should be power of 2; set to 1 to disable
#define VBAT_SMOOTH 16 // len of averaging vector for smoothing the VBAT readings; should be power of 2; set to 1 to disable
#define RSSI_SMOOTH 16 // len of averaging vector for smoothing the RSSI readings; should be power of 2; set to 1 to disable

/*****
Dynamic Motor/Prop Balancing
*****/

/* !!! No Fly Mode !!! */

//#define DYNBALANCE // (**) Dynamic balancing controlled from Gui

/*****
Regression testing
*****/

/* for development only:
to allow for easier and reproducible config sets for test compiling, different sets of config parameters are kept
together. This is meant to help detecting compile time errors for various features in a coordinated way.
It is not meant to produce your flying firmware
To use:
- do not set any options in config.h,
- enable with #define COPTERTEST 1, then compile
- if possible, check for the size
- repeat with other values of 2, 3, 4 etc.
*/
//#define COPTERTEST 1

/*****
SECTION 8 - DEPRECATED
*****/

/* these features will be removed in the unforeseeable future. Do not build new products or
* functionality based on such features. The default for all such features is OFF.
*/

/***** WMP power pin *****/
//#define D12_POWER // Use D12 on PROMINI to power sensors. Will disable servo[4] on D12
/* disable use of the POWER PIN (already done if the option RCAUXPIN12 is selected) */
#define DISABLE_POWER_PIN

/*****
END OF CONFIGURABLE PARAMETERS
*****/

#endif /* CONFIG_H_ */

```